# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# **METHYLSTYRENE**

Revision Date: 2025-02-01 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : METHYLSTYRENE

CBnumber : CB1740714

CAS : 25013-15-4

EINECS Number : 246-562-2

Synonyms : methylstyrene,(E)-prop-1-en-1-ylbenzene

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

#### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

#### Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substance**

Product name : METHYLSTYRENE

Synonyms: methylstyrene,(E)-prop-1-en-1-ylbenzene

CAS : 25013-15-4
EC number : 246-562-2
MF : C9H10
MW : 118.18

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

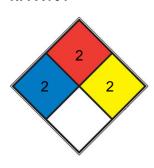
#### Advice for firefighters

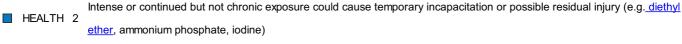
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **Further information**

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### **NFPA 704**





Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely

2 divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, <u>sulfur</u>)



SPEC.
HAZ.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place.

Recommended storage temperature 2 - 8 °C

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

# **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

**Body Protection** 

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colourless liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	ca77,0 °C at 1.013 hPa
Initial boiling point and boiling range	168 °C - lit.
Flash point	52 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Upper explosion limit: 5,2 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,1 %(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	ca.2,0 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	0,893 g/cm3 at 25 °C
Water solubility	ca.0,089 g/l at 25 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 3,35 at 25 °C
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	ca.0,93 mm2/s at 20 °C -
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

## Other safety information

Surface tension ca.31,66 mN/m at 20 °C

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

No data available

## **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Contains the following stabiliser(s):

tert-Butylpyrocatechol (0,005 %)

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - 3.275 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 16,891 mg/l LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - > 4.400 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Skin irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Eye irritation (Draize Test)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available Mouse

lymphocyte

Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Mouse - lymphocyte Micronucleus test

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **Additional Information**

RTECS: Not available

May cause irritation of the:, Eyes, Skin, Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea., peripheral neuropathy, Central nervous system, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been Chemical Book

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

#### Toxicity to fish

static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 5,2 mg/l

- 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,3 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### Toxicity to algae

Growth inhibition EC50 - Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) - 2,6 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) - 30 d

- 0,25 mg/l(Vinyltoluene) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 96

## Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Toxics Screening Level**

The Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) for methylstyrene (also known as vinyl toluene) is 5 µg/m3 with annual averaging time.

### Other adverse effects

Toxic to aquatic life.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material

must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

#### Incompatibilities

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Violent reaction with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.); contact may cause fires or explosions. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides, catalysts for vinyl polymerization, such as peroxides, strong acids; iron or aluminum salts.

#### Waste Disposal

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed.

## Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# **UN** number

ADR/RID: 2618 IMDG: 2618 IATA: 2618

#### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: VINYLTOLUENES, STABILIZED IMDG: VINYLTOLUENES, STABILIZED

IATA: Vinyltoluenes, stabilized

EC Inventory:Listed.

Transport hazard class(es) 14.3

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

Packaging group

14.4 ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

Environmental hazards

14.5

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

Special precautions for user 14.6

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

## Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Other Information

The information on this card applies to a mixture of m- and p-isomers. Use of alcoholic beverages enhances the harmful effect. An added stabilizer or inhibitor can influence the toxicological properties of this substance, consult an expert.

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.