### **ChemicalBook**

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# **Furosemide**

Revision Date: 2025-01-25 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### **Product identifier**

Product name : Furosemide : CB2445739 CBnumber CAS : 54-31-9 **EINECS Number** : 200-203-6

: Furosemide, Frusemide Synonyms

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

# **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B

### Label elements

# Pictogram(s)

Signal word Danger

# Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H303 May be harmfulif swallowed

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H370 Causes damage to organs

### Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Prevention

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

### Response

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

### Storage

P405 Store locked up.

#### **Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# **Substance**

Product name : Furosemide

Synonyms : Furosemide,Frusemide

CAS : 54-31-9 EC number : 200-203-6

MF : C12H11CIN2O5S

MW : 330.74

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# Description of first aid measures

### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately.

Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SYMPTOMS: Gastrointestinal system reactions to this compound may include anorexia, oral and gastric irritation, nausea, vomiting, cramping, diarrhea, constipation, jaundice and pancreatitis. Central nervous system reactions may include dizziness, vertigo, paresthesia, headache, xanthopsia, blurred vision, tinnitus and hearing loss. Hematologic reactions may include anemia, leukopenia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia and aplastic anemia. Dermatologic-hypersensitivity reactions may include purpura, photosensitivity, rash, urticaria, necrotizing angiitis, exfoliative dermatitis, erythema multiforme and pruritus. Cardiovascular reactions may include orthostatic hypotension.

Other symptoms may include hyperglycemia, glycosuria, hyperuricemia, muscle spasm, weakness, restlessness, urinary bladder spasm and thrombophlebitis. Fluid and electrolyte imbalance, allergies and liver damage may also occur. It may also cause tetany and dehydration. Other symptoms may include increased thirst, lethargy, drowsiness, fatigue, oliguria, tachycardia, reduction of plasma volume, circulatory collapse, thrombosis, embolism, convulsions, ataxia, paralysis and collapse. ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: When heated to decomposition this compound emits very toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides and hydrogen chloride gas. (NTP, 1992)

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if needed. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary. Monitor for shock and treat if necessary. Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary. For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport. Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool. Cover skin burns with dry sterile dressings after decontamination. Poison A and B

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Fires involving this material can be controlled with a carbon dioxide, dry chemical or Halon extinguisher. (NTP, 1992)

# Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flash point data for this chemical are not available; however, it is probably combustible. (NTP, 1992)

### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Exposure to light may cause discoloration; protection from light for the syringes once they are removed form the package is recommended. Do not use furosemide solns if they have a yellow color. Furosemide products should be stored at controlled room temp. Refrigeration may result in precipitation or crystallization. However, resolubilization at room temp or on warming may be performed without affecting the drug's stability.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

# Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

# **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

# Individual protection measures

### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

# Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

## Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	powder
Colour	White to Off-White
Odour	Odorless
Melting point/freezing point	220°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	582.1°C at 760 mmHg
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	305.9°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Practically insoluble in water, soluble in acetone, sparingly soluble in ethanol (96 per cent),
	practically insoluble in methylene chloride. It dissolves in dilute solutions of alkali hydroxides.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	no data available
Density and/or relative density	1.606
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Light sensitive. Air sensitive. Slightly soluble in water.

# **Chemical stability**

Unstable in light but stable in air

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

FUROSEMIDE may undergo hydrolysis at sufficiently low pH. The pH of aqueous solutions should be maintained in the basic range to prevent hydrolysis. Alcohol has been shown to improve the stability of this compound. Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents (NTP, 1992).

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

Furosemide is soluble in alkaline soln that is prepared as a mildly buffered alkaline product. It should not be mixed with acidic solns have a pH below 5.5. Furosemide may precipitate if combined with ascorbic acid, epinephrine, norepinephrine, or tetracycline. The acidic pH of aminoglycoside admixtures may cause transient cloudiness or frank precipitation if furosemide is added, depending on which aminoglycoside

is used & the concn of the additives. Avoiding the admixture of furosemide & aminoglycosides has been recommended.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits very toxic fumes of /hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides and sulfur oxides/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **Acute toxicity**

• Oral: LD50 Rat oral 2700 mg/kg

• Inhalation: no data available

• Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

Evaluation: There is inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of furosemide in humans. There is inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of furosemide in experimental animals. Overall evaluation: Furosemide is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3).

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

# STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

## **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

# Persistence and degradability

no data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3 was calculated for furosemide(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.03(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### Mobility in soil

The Koc of furosemide is estimated as 300(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.03(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that furosemide is expected to have moderate mobility in soil. The pKa1 and pKa2 of furosemide are 3.8 and 7.5, respectively(4), indicating that this compound will partially exist in the protonated form in the environment and cations generally adsorb to organic carbon and clay more strongly than their neutral counterparts(5).

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Disposal methods**

### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN1230 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: UN1230 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN1230 (For reference only, please check.)

## **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: METHANOL (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: METHANOL (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: METHANOL (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

# Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: II (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: II (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: II (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No

IMDG: No IATA: No

## Special precautions for user

no data available

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)** 

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Not Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

**PICCS** 

Listed.

**Vietnam National Chemical Inventory** 

Listed.

**IECSC** 

Not Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# SECTION 16: Other information

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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