# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Copper(II) sulfate

Revision Date:2025-01-25 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### **Product identifier**

Product name	: Copper(II) sulfate
CBnumber	: CB7751862
CAS	: 7758-98-7
EINECS Number	: 231-847-6
Synonyms	: CUSO4,copper sulfate

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against	: none
Company Identification	
Company	: Chemicalbook
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone	: 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Warning

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P332+P313 IF SKIN irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

### Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

1

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: Copper(II) sulfate
Synonyms	: CUSO4,copper sulfate
CAS	: 7758-98-7
EC number	: 231-847-6
MF	: CuO4S
MW	: 159.61

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### lf inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Sulfur oxides Copper oxides Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### **Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### **NFPA 704**

2	0 ×	
HEALTH	2	Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u> <u>ether</u> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)
FIRE	0	Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)
REACT	1	Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. propene)
SPEC. HAZ.		

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up dry. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### **Reference to other sections**

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Dry. Air sensitive. hygroscopic Store under inert gas.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety

### glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril? L

**Body Protection** 

### protective clothing

**Respiratory protection** 

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other

accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type P2

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light gray powder
Odour	odorless
Odour Threshold	Not applicable d) pH 3,5 - 4,5 at 50 g/l at 20 °C Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and
	boiling range Melting point/range: 200 $^\circ$ C - dec. Not applicable Flash point Not applicable
	Evaporation rate No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive
	limits The product is not flammable. No data available Vapour pressure 9,7 hPa at 25 $^\circ$ C Vapour
	density No data available Relative density No data available Water solubility 203 g/l at 20 $^\circ$ C Partition
	coefficient: n-octanol/water Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not applicable for
	inorganic substances No data available No data available Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: No data
	available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidizing
	properties No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 200 °C - dec.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapour pressure	9,7 hPa at 25 °C
Vapour density	7.3 mm Hg ( 25 °C)
Relative density	No data available
Water solubility	203 g/l at 20 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable for inorganic substances
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available

### Other safety information

No data available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: hydroxylamine

Strong oxidizing agents powdered magnesium

### **Conditions to avoid**

no information available

### Incompatible materials

No data available

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 481 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Inhalation

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation. (ECHA)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eye irritation. (OECD Test Guideline 405)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper sulphate pentahydrate Risk of corneal clouding. conjunctivitis

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Copper sulphate pentahydrate

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay Species: Rat Cell type: Liver cells Application Route: Oral Method: OECD Test Guideline 486 Result: negative Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Oral Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test) Result: negative Carcinogenicity No data available **Reproductive toxicity** No data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available Aspiration hazard No data available Toxicity LD50 orally in Rabbit: 481 mg/kg

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

### Toxicity to fish

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0,193 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA)

### Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **Toxics Screening Level**

The screening level for Copper(II) sulfate is 10 µg/m3 based on 8 hour averaging.

### Other adverse effects

No data available

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

### Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions. **Incompatibilities** 

Aqueous solution is an acid. May form explosive materials on contact with acetylene and nitromethane. Incompatible with strong bases;

hydroxylamine, magnesium; zirconium, sodium hypobromite, hydrazine.

### Waste Disposal

Copper-containing soluble wastes can be concentrated through the use of ion exchange, reverse osmosis, or evaporators to the point where copper can be electrolytically removed and sent to a reclaiming firm. If recovery is not feasible, the copper can be precipitated through the use of caustics and the sludge deposited in a chemical waste landfill Add soda ash to waste CuSO4 solution.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 3077 IMDG: 3077 IATA: 3077

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper(II)

sulphate)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper(II)

sulphate)

IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper(II) sulphate)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 9 IMDG: 9 IATA: 9

### Packaging group

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: yes

### Special precautions for user

No data available

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/ Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/ EC Inventory:Listed. European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/ Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/ Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/ United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/ Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
- http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en
- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.