

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

**2-METHYLVALERIC ACID**

Revision Date:2025-01-25 Revision Number:1

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****Product identifier**

Product name : 2-METHYLVALERIC ACID  
CBnumber : CB8718846  
CAS : 97-61-0  
EINECS Number : 202-594-9  
Synonyms : 2-methylpentanoic acid,2-METHYLVALERIC ACID

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

**Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

**Precautionary statements**

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Hazard statements**

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin

H303 May be harmful if swallowed

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Product name | : 2-METHYLVALERIC ACID                        |
| Synonyms     | : 2-methylpentanoic acid,2-METHYLVALERIC ACID |
| CAS          | : 97-61-0                                     |
| EC number    | : 202-594-9                                   |
| MF           | : C6H12O2                                     |
| MW           | : 116.16                                      |

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

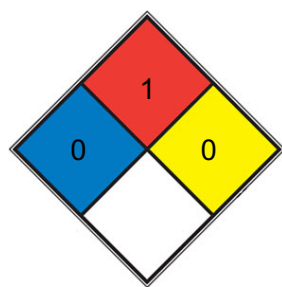
### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



**HEALTH 0** Poses no health hazard, no precautions necessary and would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials

**FIRE 1** Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. [mineral oil](#), ammonia)

**REACT 0** Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N2](#))

**SPEC.**

**HAZ.**

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb? ). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

## Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

##### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,4 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Camatril? (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving

in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested: Butoject? (KCL 898)

#### Body Protection

protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Appearance                                   | colorless liquid  |
| Odour  | unpleasant  |
| Odour Threshold                              | No data available   |
| pH   | No data available   |
| Melting point/freezing point                 | Melting point/freezing point: $\leq -90$ °C - ISO 3016                        |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range      | 196 - 197 °C - lit.   |
| Flash point                                  | 93 °C - closed cup - ISO 2719   |
| Evaporation rate                             | No data available   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | No data available   |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Upper explosion limit: 63 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,3 %(V)                |
| Vapour pressure                              | ca.2 hPa at 20 °C   |
| Vapour density                               | No data available   |
| Relative density                             | No data available   |
| Water solubility                             | 12,2 g/l at 20 °C - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.6                  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water       | log Pow: 2,4 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.                      |
| Autoignition temperature                     | No data available   |
| Decomposition temperature                    | No data available   |
| Viscosity                                    | Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available |
| Explosive properties                         | No data available   |
| Oxidizing properties                         | No data available   |

### Other safety information

Surface tension 56,6 mN/m at 1g/l at 20 °C

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### **Reactivity**

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.

A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

### **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Violent reactions possible with: strong alkalis

Amines nitrites Isocyanates

Strong oxidizing agents strong reducing agents

### **Conditions to avoid**

Strong heating.

### **Incompatible materials**

Nickel, Strong oxidizing agents

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 2.040 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

LD50 Inhalation - Rat - male - 4 h - 11,34 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 2.500 mg/kg Remarks: (RTECS)

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

No data available

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

No data available

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available

**Carcinogenicity**

No data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

**Aspiration hazard**

No data available

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Toxicity**

No data available

**Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 10 d

Result: 71,8 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

**Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

**Mobility in soil**

No data available

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**Waste treatment methods**

**Product**

See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

**UN number**

ADR/RID: 3265 IMDG: 3265 IATA: 3265

**UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Methylvaleric acid) IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Methylvaleric acid)

IATA: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Methylvaleric acid)

**Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

**Packaging group**

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

**Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

**Special precautions for user**

No data available

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

**Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances**

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%



IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

## References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:  
[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.